

Economic Effects of Secondhand Smoke Bans				rev 9 Aug 04
Subject	Title	Objective	Conclusion	Source
Effects of New York Smoking Ban	The State of Smoke-Free New York City: A One-Year Review	To evaluate worker protection and the economic impact of smoking ban.	Cotinine levels in hospitality industry workers have declined by 85%. Air pollution levels in establishments the previously allowed smoking have been reduces by six-fold. Bar and restaurant employment, tax receipts and new openings have increased since implementation.	New York City Departments of: Finance, Health and Mental Hygiene, Small Business Services, Economic Development Report, March 2004 <a href="http://tobaccofreekids.org/pressoffice/NYCReport.pdf">http://tobaccofreekids.org/pressoffice/NYCReport.pdf</a>
Effect of SHS ban on bars, restaurants and workplaces in El Paso, Texas	Impact of a Smoking Ban on Restaurant and Bar Revenues --- El Paso, Texas, 2002	To study the impact of the El Paso smoking ban on all sectors of the local restaurant and bar industry.	None of the regression models for restaurant, bar, or mixed-beverage revenues or for such revenues as percentages of total retail revenue over time showed any statistically significant changes after the smoking ban was implemented.	Morbidity & Mortality Weekly Report; 53(07);150-152. February 27, 2004 <a href="http://www.cdc.gov/mmwr/preview/mmwrhtml/mm5307a2.htm">http://www.cdc.gov/mmwr/preview/mmwrhtml/mm5307a2.htm</a>
Review of Economic Impact Studies	Review of the Quality of Studies on the Economic Effects of Smoke-free Policies on the Hospitality Industry.	To compare the quality and funding source of studies concluding a negative economic impact of smoke-free policies in the hospitality industry to studies concluding no such negative impact.	All of the best designed studies report no impact or a positive impact of smoke-free restaurant and bar laws on sales or employment. Policymakers can act to protect workers and patrons from the toxins in secondhand smoke confident in rejecting industry claims that there will be an adverse economic impact.	Tobacco Control 2003;12:13-20 <a href="http://tc.bmjournals.com/search.dtl">http://tc.bmjournals.com/search.dtl</a>
Impact of SHS ban on business in Massachusetts	The Economic Effect of Restaurant Smoking Restrictions on Restaurant Business in Massachusetts 1992-1998: Final Report	To determine trends and identify economic impacts on restaurant business following enactment of ordinances prohibiting smoking in restaurants.	Community-wide, local smoke-free policies do not have a significant effect on restaurant business, confirming similar studies that have examined data from other regions of the country. This suggests that broad claims of restaurant business decline are unwarranted.	<a href="#">Journal of Public Health Management and Practice. 5(1):53-62, 1999.</a> Bartosch, William J. and Gregory C. Pope.
Impact of SHS ban on business in Fort Wayne, Indiana	A Study of the Fort Wayne (IN) Restaurant Smoking Ban: Has it Impacted the Restaurant Business?	To assess the impact of a smoking ban on restaurant business.	Smoking restrictions have resulted in no decline of restaurant revenues.	Hudson Institute, July 10, 2001 <a href="http://www.hudson.org/index.cfm?fuseaction=publication_details&amp;id=900">http://www.hudson.org/index.cfm?fuseaction=publication_details&amp;id=900</a>
Impact of SHS ban on restaurants in Arlington, Austin, Plano, and Wichita Falls Texas	Impact of Clean Indoor Air Ordinances on Restaurant Revenues in Four Texas Cities	To assess the impact of a smoking ban on restaurant business.	The results support previously published reports showing no detrimental effect of clean indoor air ordinances on restaurant revenues.	Texas Department of Health, March 21, 2000 <a href="http://www.tdh.state.tx.us/bdip/cleanairord.pdf">http://www.tdh.state.tx.us/bdip/cleanairord.pdf</a>

